Stroke Core Competency Framework

Background:

The Canadian Stroke Best Practice Recommendations (CSBPR) provide a framework of evidence-based recommendations for healthcare providers working with persons with stroke. Though best practices in stroke care are well established, there continue to be gaps in knowledge translation and the integration of new research into clinical practice is often delayed. It is recommended that health care providers receive education and training to support the provision of evidence-based, best practice stroke care. Stroke competencies among clinicians, reflective of the best practice guidelines, are a cornerstone of effective stroke care. However, there is variation across the regions in the delivery of stroke education. To encourage the provision of evidence-based, best-practice stroke care the Provincial Interprofessional Stroke Core Competency Framework was developed in 2016. In 2022, the Provincial Interprofessional Stroke Core Competency Framework was reviewed with stakeholders and updates were made to align with current stroke best practices. The framework was rebranded to the Stroke Core Competency Framework (SCCF) for healthcare providers working in Ontario.

Purpose:

The SCCF is intended to provide healthcare providers with an accessible, comprehensive self-assessment tool that will help identify specific learning objectives to support stroke best practice implementation.

Target Population:

The SCCF can be used by both new and experienced healthcare providers working across the continuum of stroke care.

How to use the Stroke Core Competency Framework:

- 1) Rate yourself on your level of expertise using Benner self-assessment tool.
- 2) Identify areas for improvement and develop professional learning plans.
- 3) Seek professional development opportunities to fulfill professional learning plans.
- 4) Leadership may use learning plans to support professional development reviews.
- 5) Leadership may collate results to inform organizational priorities for stroke care that can be integrated into strategic planning.

^{**}Steps 4 and 5 require organizational support and collaboration

Competency	Novice	Advanced Beginner	Competent	Proficient	Expert	Not applicable	Learning outcomes The numbered learning outcomes are for everyone working in stroke care. The bulleted learning outcomes are for persons who either assess, manage, or make recommendations within this specific competency.
1.0 Introduction to Stroke Care							Describe the role of the Ontario stroke system of care and your local Regional Stroke Network
							Apply the CSBPR resources to guide and inform practice
							3. Demonstrate respect for cultural differences and values when working with persons with stroke, caregivers, and families
							4. Describe the roles and scope of practice of other disciplines involved in stroke care across the continuum
							5. Recognize the value of interprofessional collaboration in providing stroke care across the continuum
							6. Define stroke rehabilitation and understand how your role can optimize physical, cognitive, emotional, communicative, and social recovery
Identified Learning Need:							
2.0 Brain Anatomy and Physiology							List the anatomical structures of the brain
							2. Describe the functions of each major area of the brain
							3. Identify the major arteries of the cerebrovascular circulation
							4. Describe how neuroplasticity affects stroke recovery
Identified Learning Need:							
3.0 Stroke Pathophysiology							Explain the pathophysiology of ischemic and hemorrhagic stroke
,							Describe the etiologies of ischemic and hemorrhagic stroke
							Describe clinical impairments associated with major stroke syndromes
Identified Learning Need:	1	1	1		1		
4.0 Hyperacute Stroke Care							Describe the role of Emergency Medical Services (EMS) in the management of acute stroke

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							Recognize signs of stroke and how to respond appropriately based on your role
							3. Explain the importance of timely assessment and tools to promote rapid identification of an acute stroke
							4. Explain care processes for Transient Ischemic Attack (TIA) management in the emergency department
							Describe hyperacute stroke therapies (i.e., thrombolysis, endovascular thrombectomy)
							6. Identify stroke complications during the hyperacute phase (i.e., orolingual angioedema, hemorrhage after thrombolysis, change in level of consciousness)
							7. Describe interventions to prevent and manage hyperacute stroke complications (i.e., orolingual angioedema, hemorrhage after thrombolysis, change in level of consciousness)
	For t	those	who a	ssess	and m	anage	hyperacute stroke care
							Select and complete the most appropriate neurological assessment(s) (e.g., large vessel occlusion screening, National Institutes of Health Stroke Scale, Canadian Neurological Scale, Glasgow Coma Scale)
							Interpret assessment results and implement the appropriate interventions for management of hyperacute stroke care
							Manage hyperacute stroke care and associated complications (i.e., orolingual angioedema, hemorrhagic transformation, and systematic hemorrhage after thrombolysis)
							Effectively communicate the recommendations and appropriate referrals, services, and resources to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and the interprofessional team
Identified Learning Need:							

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5.0 Ischemic and Intracerebral							Describe acute stroke care assessment and management for ischemic and
Hemorrhage Stroke Care							intracerebral hemorrhagic strokes
							Describe the diagnostic tests used to support stroke diagnosis and treatment
							3. Identify possible post-stroke complications during the acute phase (i.e., Venous thromboembolism, hyper/hypoglycemia, infection such as UTI or
							pneumonia, seizures, increased intracranial pressure)
							4. Describe interventions to prevent and manage complications (i.e., urinary
							tract infection, aspiration pneumonia, and venous thromboembolism)
6.0 Dysphagia							Explain dysphagia and the purpose of dysphagia screening using a validated screening tool prior to initiating oral intake Describe signs and symptoms of swallowing difficulties and associated.
							2. Describe signs and symptoms of swallowing difficulties and associated complications
							Demonstrate proper positioning and setup for safe feeding (e.g., visual/perceptual deficits, motor weakness, pocketing)
	For t	hose	who a	ssess a	and re	comn	nend interventions and/or strategies manage dysphagia
							Explain the connection between dysphagia deficits and location of the stroke
							 Select and complete the most appropriate assessment(s) for dysphagia (i.e., bedside assessment, Videofluoroscopic Swallow Study, Fiberoptic Endoscopic Evaluation of Swallowing)
							 Interpret assessment results and provide appropriate recommendations (e.g., diet modification, postural adjustments, safe swallow/therapeutic swallow strategies, oral motor exercises and swallow rehabilitation exercises)
							 Manage dysphagia and their associated complications (i.e., aspiration pneumonia, nutrition, hydration)

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							 Explain the factors to consider when making decisions regarding tube feeding, transitioning from NG to PEG, transition from tube to oral intake
							Effectively communicate the recommendations to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and the interprofessional team. Make appropriate referrals to ENT, GI, etc.
Identified Learning Need:	•		•				
7.0 Nutrition and Hydration							 Describe the importance of screening for nutrition and hydration Screen for malnutrition using a validated screening tool, know when to re-
							 assess and refer to a Registered Dietician Describe the various diets, textures, and alternative feeding methods (e.g., tube feeding, TPN)
							4. Demonstrate proper positioning and setup for safe feeding (e.g., visual/perceptual deficits, motor weakness, pocketing)
							5. Describe the sequelae of malnutrition6. Identify persons with stroke at risk for malnutrition (e.g., poor intake, dysphagia)
	For t	hose	who a	ssess	and re	comn	nend interventions and/or strategies manage nutrition and hydration
							Select and complete the most appropriate assessment(s) for nutrition and hydration
							 Interpret assessment results and identify and/or implement appropriate recommendations
							Effectively communicate the recommendations to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and the interprofessional team. Make appropriate referrals to Registered Dietitian.
Identified Learning Need:		•			·		
8.0 Oral Care							1. Identify sequelae of poor oral care and prevention strategies

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							2. Screen oral health and perform oral care according to your organizational protocol or SLP recommendations
Identified Learning Need:							protocor or 32r recommendations
O O Astivity Book Study and Cafe							4. Finals the release the intermediational terms in compating activity and
9.0 Activity Post-Stroke and Safe Patient Handling							Explain the role of the interprofessional team in supporting activity and mobilization
							Describe the importance of early activity and mobilization in stroke recovery
							3. Describe how muscle tone, posture, balance, muscle weakness/motor loss, sensory loss and fatigue can affect function and safe patient handling
							4. Demonstrate proper techniques for handling, positioning, and transferring (e.g., hemiplegic extremities, skin integrity, injury prevention)
							5. Demonstrate proper use of appropriate equipment or devices to facilitate activity and safe handling (e.g., slings, gait aids, lifts)
							6. Identify contraindications to activity and mobilization7. Identify fall prevention strategies
		those that			and re	ecomn	nend interventions and/or strategies to improve activity post-stroke and safe
							Describe best practice recommendations for the upper and lower extremity, gait training, balance, and mobility
							Select and complete the most appropriate assessment(s) to evaluate function and safety (e.g., tone, posture, balance, muscle weakness/motor loss, sensory loss, and fatigue)
							 Interpret assessment results and identify and implement appropriate treatment/management recommendations (e.g., task specific goals, equipment, devices, techniques to promote activity, function, and safety)
							Effectively communicate the recommendations and appropriate referrals, services, and resources to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and the interprofessional team

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Identified Learning Need:	•						
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10.0 Changes in Communication							Explain the implications of communication impairments on participation and engagement in therapy and activities
							2. Demonstrate strategies to improve or assist with communication when
							interacting with those who have communication deficits (e.g., utilize
							Supported Conversations for Persons with Aphasia (SCA™) to assist with
							participation in conversation, following instructions, and informed decision
							making.
							3. Describe the impact of the environment on communication and provide
							strategies to maximize successful communicative interactions
	For t	hose v	who a	ssess a	and re	comm	end interventions and/or strategies to improve communication:
							Select and complete the most appropriate screening tool and evaluate
							results to determine next steps
							Select and complete the most appropriate validated assessment(s)
							Interpret assessment results and implement appropriate recommendations
							Effectively communicate the recommendations and appropriate referrals,
							services, and resources to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and
							the interprofessional team
Identified Learning Need:							
11.0 Changes in Cognition							Identify common cognitive changes post-stroke
							2. Describe the impact of cognitive changes on function
							3. Understand the relationship between mood and cognitive changes post-
							stroke
							4. Understand the impact of the environment on cognitive function post-
							stroke

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							5. Demonstrate strategies to optimize participation in functional activities when cognitive deficits exist
		hose v	who a	ssess	and re	comn	nend interventions and/or strategies to improve and/or support changes in
							Describe the clinical consideration for screening and assessing cognitive impairment
							Select and complete the most appropriate assessment(s)
							Interpret assessment results, identify/implement appropriate treatment recommendations
							• Effectively communicate the recommendations and appropriate referrals, services, and resources to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and the interprofessional team
Identified Learning Need:							
Identified Learning Need: 12.0 Changes in Vision and							Identify common visual and perceptual changes post-stroke
-							 Identify common visual and perceptual changes post-stroke Describe the impact of visual and perceptual changes on function
12.0 Changes in Vision and							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
12.0 Changes in Vision and							Describe the impact of visual and perceptual changes on function
12.0 Changes in Vision and		hose v				and p	 Describe the impact of visual and perceptual changes on function Understand the impact of the environment on visual-perceptual function Demonstrate strategies and interventions to optimize participation in
12.0 Changes in Vision and						and p	 Describe the impact of visual and perceptual changes on function Understand the impact of the environment on visual-perceptual function Demonstrate strategies and interventions to optimize participation in functional activities when visual and perceptual deficits exist
12.0 Changes in Vision and						and p	2. Describe the impact of visual and perceptual changes on function 3. Understand the impact of the environment on visual-perceptual function 4. Demonstrate strategies and interventions to optimize participation in functional activities when visual and perceptual deficits exist erception and recommend interventions and/or strategies to support changes • Select and complete the most appropriate assessment(s) for visual-

Competency	Novice	Advanced Beginner	Competent	Proficient	Expert	Not applicable	Learning outcomes The numbered learning outcomes are for everyone working in stroke care. The bulleted learning outcomes are for persons who either assess, manage, or make recommendations within this specific competency.
13.0 Sensorimotor Recovery							Demonstrate strategies and interventions to optimize motor and sensory function
				ssess :		rimoto	or function and recommend interventions and/or strategies to support
							Select and complete the most appropriate assessment(s) to enable sensorimotor recovery
							Interpret assessment results, identify/implement appropriate treatment recommendations
							Effectively communicate the recommendations and appropriate referrals, services, and resources to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and the interprofessional team
Identified Learning Need:							
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14.0 Fatigue and Changes in Mood and Behaviour							 Describe post-stroke fatigue and provide strategies for self-management Describe common mood changes post-stroke and identify the warning signs of post-stroke depression, anxiety, and apathy
							Identify changes in mood and make appropriate referrals for screening with a validated tool
							4. Identify how stroke impacts behavior, emotions, actions and/or reactions
							5. Demonstrate strategies and interventions to manage the person's mood and behaviors
	1	hose v		ssess	and re	comn	nend interventions and/or strategies to manage fatigue and change in mood and
							Select and complete the most appropriate assessment(s)
							Interpret assessment results, identify/implement appropriate treatment recommendations

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							Effectively communicate the recommendations and appropriate referrals, services, and resources to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and the interprofessional team
Identified Learning Need:							
15.0 Changes in Physical Function		Ι	T	1			Identify physical changes that can occur post-stroke
23.5 Changes in Friysical Falletion						+	Describe the physical impacts of stroke on activities of daily living
						1	Understand the impact of the environment on physical function
							Demonstrate strategies and interventions that optimize recovery (e.g.,
							remediation and compensatory strategies)
	I						nend strategies and/or interventions to improve functional engagement in stroke:
							 Select and complete the most appropriate assessment(s)
							• Interpret assessment results, identify/implement appropriate treatment recommendations
							Effectively communicate the recommendations and appropriate referrals, services, and resources to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and the interprofessional team
Identified Learning Need:						1	,
16.0 Maintaining/Promoting							Explain the loss of bladder (urinary retention and/or incontinence) and
Continence							bowel control (fecal incontinence and/or constipation) and the impact on the care needs of the person with stroke
							Describe risk factors for urinary incontinence/retention and fecal incontinence/constipation
							3. Apply tools and strategies to support toileting and continence
	For t	hose	who a	ssess	and re	comn	nend strategies and/or interventions to promote bowel and bladder control:
							 Select and complete the most appropriate assessment to determine bladder and bowel function

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							Interpret assessment results, identify/implement appropriate treatment recommendations
							• Effectively communicate the recommendations and appropriate referrals, services, and resources to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and the interprofessional team
Identified Learning Need:							
17.0 Prevention and Management of			T				Describe complications seen in the hemiplegic arm
Post-Stroke Pain and Spasticity							2. Explain how altered tone affects persons with stroke
							3. Identify persons with stroke most at risk of developing spasticity
							Identify common types of post-stroke pain and describe recommended interventions
							5. Apply strategies to protect the hemiplegic arm and prevent injury
							Apply recommended positioning techniques, interventions, and tools to minimize pain and spasticity
		those sticity:		mend	ing in	terver	tions and strategies for the prevention and management of post-stroke
							Select and complete the most appropriate assessment(s)
							Interpret assessment results, identify/implement appropriate treatment/management recommendations
							Effectively communicate the recommendations and appropriate referrals, services, and resources to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and the interprofessional team
Identified Learning Need:			1			1	·
18.0 Stroke Prevention							Identify the warning signs of stroke and transient ischemic attack

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							Identify and provide examples of the modifiable and non-modifiable risk factors for stroke
							3. Identify modifiable risk factor management strategies for the reduction of secondary or recurrent stroke
							4. Utilize education resources available to support teaching on secondary prevention
							5. Effectively communicate the recommendations and appropriate referrals, services, and resources to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and the interprofessional team
Identified Learning Need:				ı		T	
19.0 Transitions and Community Reintegration							Develop individualized care plans with persons with stroke and their families that are person-centered and culturally appropriate
							Provide comprehensive and relevant information in a timely manner to ensure seamless transitions and continuity of care
							Describe the process for accessing post-acute stroke rehabilitation services
							5. Describe the process for accessing post-acute stroke renabilitation services
							4. Identify the impacts of transitions on persons living with stroke and
							 Identify the impacts of transitions on persons living with stroke and understand how to prepare for transitions between care Identify available transitional/discharge resources and services for post-
							Identify the impacts of transitions on persons living with stroke and understand how to prepare for transitions between care
	Fort	:hose s	suppo	rting t	ransit	ions a	 Identify the impacts of transitions on persons living with stroke and understand how to prepare for transitions between care Identify available transitional/discharge resources and services for post-stroke care and recovery relevant to your areas of practice Describe the impact of stroke on the caregiver and family members post-
	For 1	:hose s	suppo	rting t	ransit	ions a	 Identify the impacts of transitions on persons living with stroke and understand how to prepare for transitions between care Identify available transitional/discharge resources and services for post-stroke care and recovery relevant to your areas of practice Describe the impact of stroke on the caregiver and family members post-stroke
	For t	:hose s	suppo	rting t	ransit	ions a	 Identify the impacts of transitions on persons living with stroke and understand how to prepare for transitions between care Identify available transitional/discharge resources and services for post-stroke care and recovery relevant to your areas of practice Describe the impact of stroke on the caregiver and family members post-stroke and recommending or referring community supports:
	Fort	:hose s	suppo	rting t	ransit	ions a	 4. Identify the impacts of transitions on persons living with stroke and understand how to prepare for transitions between care 5. Identify available transitional/discharge resources and services for post-stroke care and recovery relevant to your areas of practice 6. Describe the impact of stroke on the caregiver and family members post-stroke nd recommending or referring community supports: Gather the most relevant information to enable a warm handover
	Fort	hose s	suppo	rting t	ransit	ions a	 Identify the impacts of transitions on persons living with stroke and understand how to prepare for transitions between care Identify available transitional/discharge resources and services for post-stroke care and recovery relevant to your areas of practice Describe the impact of stroke on the caregiver and family members post-stroke drecommending or referring community supports: Gather the most relevant information to enable a warm handover Remain knowledgeable on the current resources and supports available

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							Effectively communicate the recommendations and appropriate referrals, services, and resources to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and the interprofessional team
Identified Learning Need:							
20.0 Participation in Social and Life Roles	n in Social and Life						Summarize the impact of participating in social and life roles post-stroke including: a. Sexuality b. Relationships c. Vocation d. Leisure activities e. Driving 2. Screen for the impact on participation in social and life roles and make appropriate referrals
	For t	hose	ecom	mend	ing in	terver	tions and strategies to resume participation in social and life roles:
							Select and complete the most appropriate assessment(s)
							 Interpret assessment results, identify/implement appropriate treatment/management recommendations
							Demonstrate communication skills and knowledge to address physical, emotional, and cognitive impact on social and life roles
							Effectively communicate the recommendations and appropriate referrals, services, and resources to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and the interprofessional team
Identified Learning Need:	,	1		1			·
21.0 Advanced care planning							Recognize when to reassess goals of care (i.e., change in a patient's health status)
	For t	hose	uppo	rting a	dvan	ced ca	re planning:
							Describe information on advanced care planning

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							Demonstrate communication skills and knowledge to address physical, spiritual, cultural, psychological, ethical, and social needs when
							 participating in advanced care planning discussions Effectively communicate the recommendations and appropriate referrals, services, and resources to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers, and the interprofessional team
Identified Learning Need:							
22.0 Palliative and End-of-Life Care	Fort	those	suppo	rting p	palliati	ive and	 Describe the key content to be addressed to support comfort and quality of life (e.g., life sustaining measures, nutrition and hydration, oral care, pain, delirium, anxiety, and depression etc.) Demonstrate a palliative approach to care to support basic symptom management and basic psychosocial care needs Identify when a palliative and end-of-life discussion is warranted dend-of-life care discussions: Demonstrate communication skills and knowledge to address physical, spiritual, cultural, psychological, ethical, and social needs when participating in palliative and end of life care planning discussions Recognize when to reassess goals of care for palliative care
Identified Learning Need:	•						
23.0 Patient, Family, Caregiver Education							 Conduct an assessment of individualized learning needs and goals through the stages of care in collaboration with the person with stroke and the interprofessional team Develop individualized education plan based on the assessment of learning needs and goals (i.e., all relevant aspects of stroke care and recovery) Identify strategies to promote self-management (e.g., motivational interviewing, brief action planning, teach-back)

Competency	Novice	Advanced Beginner	Competent	Proficient	Expert	Not applicable	Learning outcomes The numbered learning outcomes are for everyone working in stroke care. The bulleted learning outcomes are for persons who either assess, manage, or make recommendations within this specific competency.
I do notificad La numeira y Nacada							4. Identify appropriate ways to communicate and support retention of information to the persons with stroke, families/caregivers and the interprofessional team (e.g., documentation, aphasia friendly)
Identified Learning Need:							