CARDIAC FDG PET REQUISITIONQuestions?? <u>CardiacFDGPET@ottawaheart.ca</u>

*Last Name	*First Name	Middle Initial	*Date of Birth (yyyy-mm-	dd) F Other
			*Priority: ☐ Inpatient	Preferred Language ☐ English
*OHIP #	Version *Postal Cod	le *Phone # (xxx)xxx-xxxx	Outpatient-Urgent	French
Complete all section	•		☐ Outpatient	☐ Other
Indications (choose	e only one indication and	check all applicable boxes	per indication)	
MYOCARDIAL VIA	BILITY ASSESSMENT	: Revascularization ca	ndidate with ischemic L	V dysfunction (EF ≤ 40%)
EF (%):	OR LV Function:	Class III		
CARDIAC SARCO	DOSIS - choose only	one criteria of A,B,C (SUPPORTING DOCUM	IENTATION REQUIRED):
** Ketogenic diet pr	ep required for all sarcoid	osis imaging "link"	£	
A. BIOPSY PROVE	N OR CLINICAL DIAG	NOSIS OF PULMONAR	RY / SYSTEMIC SARC	OIDOSIS
Required documen	tation: Positive biops	y report OR Clinic	al consult documenting p	ulmonary or systemic sarcoid
	AND Cardiac MRI	suggestive of cardiac sarco	oid	
B. UNEXPLAINED	HIGH GRADE CONDU	CTION SYSTEM DISE	ASE IN PATIENTS ≤70	YEARS OF AGE
to screen for cardia	c sarcoidosis as underl	ying cause: 🔲 2nd degre	ee Mobitz II AV block OR	3rd degree Mobitz II AV block
Required documen	tation: ECG/holter de	monstrating AV block A	ND Current consu	Ilt letter/documented history
C. RESPONSE TO	TREATMENT in patie	nts with <u>positive baseline</u>	e FDG PET consistent w	rith cardiac sarcoidosis
To assess respor	se to treatment when cons	idering a change in treatme	nt (e.g. add or remove steroids	and/or immunosuppressants; trial the
	ease relapse after a period	of planned therapy cessation	on (previously suppressed FDG	G uptake required)
	sease relapse, after a perior or LV function; previously supp	• •	new clinical deterioration (new ventricular arrhythmia and/or
•	PET scan is being reque	sted? ked up to 3 years post initia	al diagnostic EDG BET sca	n l
_		В.	equired documentation	
☐ First Follow-up F☐ Second Follow-u	,	ast scan:	Current consult letter doc treatment and/or follow-u	cumenting
Third Follow-up		(vaav mm dd)	Last scan report	p cillical status AND
II. Prior Cardiac Te	stina (CHECK ALL [.]	(yyyy-mm-dd)		
☐ Cardiac MRI	ECHO	Coronary Angio	Pulmonary Testing	Other Test (specify below)
☐ Thoracic CT	☐ Stress Imaging	☐ Cardiac CTA	☐ MUGA	called rest (speedify selectiv)
II. Pertinent Clinic	_	_		
NYHA Class II I			-	☐ Yes ☐ No
Diabetes Yes	No Pacemaker/Al	CD/CRT Yes No	Previous CABG [Yes No
Physician Contact:		* Cho	ose a PET center below	- (fax no.) :
*Name (print)			awa – University of Ottawa Hea	
Last Name	First Name		sissauga – KMH Cardiology Ce	, ,
*Phone #	ext		onto – Princess Margaret Canc	` '
*Fax #	(xxx	\	milton – McMaster University M	
*Email @		│	idon – St. Joseph's Health Care	ELondon - (519) 646-6135
*Date of request:	(yyyy-m	m-dd)	onto – Sunnybrook Health Scie	nces Centre - (416) 480-5218

(ver.2022-06)





University of Ottawa Heart Institute Ketogenic diet (high fat, high protein, low carbohydrate) preparation for FDG PET Imaging of cardiac inflammation

The Ketogenic diet is a high fat, high protein, and low carbohydrate diet that you need to follow for one day before your scan. Following this diet will help improve the imaging pictures obtained from your scan. The Ketogenic diet is safe to follow and is approved for use for one day as preparation for the scan.

Why do I need to change my diet the day before the scan?

The purpose of the scan is to find abnormal areas in your heart. The muscle cells of the heart absorb and use glucose (sugar) for energy. The PET imaging scan uses Fluorodeoxglucose (FDG), a sugar based tracer. When we inject FDG, normal healthy heart muscle cells will absorb FDG because it is a sugar. FDG PET imaging allows the doctors to see areas of the heart that are normal or abnormal.

In certain conditions, such as sarcoidosis or other inflammatory conditions, we do not want the normal heart muscle cells to absorb the FDG because it interferes with the imaging pictures. The ketogenic diet helps ensure high quality images because the high fat content of the diet forces the body to choose fats for fuel and energy rather than carbohydrates (sugars). Therefore, the normal cells are 'tricked' into using fat as energy and the FDG is not absorbed. As a result, only the abnormal areas of the heart are seen.

To follow the ketogenic diet, you must choose high fat and protein foods and avoid carbohydrate foods for the entire day before your scan. High fat and protein foods include meat, fatty fish such as salmon and tuna, eggs, vegetable oil, margarine, and butter. Carbohydrate (sugar) is found in all grains, starchy vegetables, all fruit and dairy products. We have provided a sample menu and food choices below to help you with your food choices.

If you have diabetes, please contact your diabetes doctor or nurse. Your diabetes medications and/or insulin will need to be adjusted so you do not get low blood sugars while following this diet. This diet is only for one day and your diabetes can be managed while you follow the diet.

In addition to following the ketogenic diet, you must also avoid strenuous exercise the day before your scan. You must not eat or drink anything (except water) before the scan. It is important that you drink two to three -12 ounce (355 ml) glasses of water through the day to stay adequately hydrated.

Diet preparation for FDG PET Imaging of cardiac inflammation



FOR 1 DAY BEFORE YOUR SCAN: Follow a high fat, high protein, low carbohydrate diet as described below.

FOR 12 HOURS BEFORE YOUR SCAN: Do not eat or drink anything (except water).

SAMPLE MENU FOR THE DAY BEFORE YOUR SCAN				
BREAKFAST	LUNCH	DINNER		
 ✓ 2 scrambled eggs with green peppers, mushrooms, onions ✓ 3 slices of bacon or 2 ounces of ham ✓ Coffee or tea ✗ No milk or sugar 	 ✓ Hamburger patty (no bun) or 3 ounces of roast beef or turkey ✓ 1 cup of salad ✓ Low carbohydrate vegetables – see list below 	 ✓ 4 to 6 ounces of steak <u>or</u> salmon <u>or</u> chicken (skin on) ✗ No breading or batter ✓ 1 cup of salad ✓ Low carbohydrate vegetables – see list below 		

✓ YOU CAN EAT/DRINK THE FOLLOWING:			
✓ Beverages without sugar:	 ✓ water, mineral water, seltzer, coffee or tea or herbal tea (no milk or sugar*) * you can use Equal, NutraSweet, Splenda, Stevia, Sweet'N Low 		
✓ Meat and alternatives:	 ✓ eggs, bacon, ham, fatty red meat, chicken or turkey (skin on), salmon, tuna, sardines, anchovies (Fry or broil your meat. Do not grill. Do not bread or batter.) 		
✓ Fats/Oils and seasonings:	✓ butter, margarine, canola oil, olive oil, salt, pepper		
✓ Nuts:	✓ ¼ cup of almonds or walnuts or pistachios		
✓ Low carb vegetables in moderation:	√ ½ to 1 cup of any of the following: arugula, asparagus, broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, cauliflower, celery, cucumber, green beans, green peppers, kale, lettuce, onions, radishes, spinach, white mushrooms, zucchini		

× DO NOT EAT/DRINK THE FOLLO	DWING:
 NO fruits NO sugar or any food containing sugar: Be careful – many processed products contain hidden sugars. 	 honey ketchup molasses BBQ sauce syrup mustard peanut butter beer nuts jam/preserves relish nut butter candy/mints mayonnaise/Miracle Whip Nutella chewing gum commercial salad dressings (e.g. Ranch, Thousand Islands) cough drops
× NO beverages containing sugar or Aspartame or alcohol:	 soft drinks fruit drinks (e.g. Kool-Aid, Tang) flavoured water sports drinks (e.g. Gatorade) yinces non-alcoholic beer spirits
× NO dairy products:	 milk yogurt frozen yogurt pudding cheese yogurt drinks ice cream
× NO processed meats:	* deli meat * hot dog * breaded or battered meat/poultry/fish
× NO grains or starches:	 wheat rice bread granola bars cakes oats quinoa buns cookies barley buckwheat cereals muffins
× NO root or starchy vegetables:	 carrots potatoes beets corn turnips sweet potatoes acorn squash green peas parsnips yams butternut squash
× NO beans or legumes:	 black beans chick peas baked beans peanuts kidney beans split peas lentils