

Best practice recommends that all patients admitted to hospital with stroke or TIA be cared for on a stroke unit.

In Ontario, a

stroke unit is
geographically
co-located with
identifiable beds
that are occupied
by stroke patients
at least 75 % of
the time and has
a dedicated
interprofessional
multi-disciplinary
team (RN, PT, OT,
SLP at a
minimum).

## Why cohort acute stroke patients?

- Outcomes are better: More survivors returning home physically independent
- Reduction in deaths (especially deaths due to complications of immobility)





- Early treatment of blood glucose abnormalities; fever; dehydration etc.
- Early assessment of neurological impairment
- Early and comprehensive diagnostic testing
- Consistent screening for dysphagia
- Trained and competent health care professionals surrounding the patient
- Consistent, quality care provided by same nurses and allied health professionals with expertise
- Cost-effective; shorter length of stay in acute care
- Meets Quality Based Procedures for Stroke Care
- Early discharge planning
- Early patient and caregiver education/ training



The Ontario Stroke
Network's goal is to double
the rate of stroke unit
utilization by 2016 and work
is ongoing towards achieving
the provincial benchmark of
87.5%.

A collaborative, organized, regional approach among hospitals to <u>cluster patients</u> with stroke at designated sites is needed to achieve these targets.

At HSN, we continue to work hard to cohort acute stroke patients to 5 South.





## The research behind this.....

- In 2010 and 2012, the Canadian Best Practice Recommendations for Stroke Care, defined a stroke unit, in **Recommendation 4.1**, and provided rationale that this care reduces likelihood of death and disability by as much as 30% for men and women of any age with mild, moderate or severe stroke.
- In 2013, the Stroke Trialists' Collaboration released its latest Cochrane Review of Organized Inpatient Stroke Unit Care concluding "This review of 28 trials, involving 5855 participants, showed that patients who receive this care are more likely to survive their stroke, return home, and become independent in looking after themselves. The best results come from those which are based in a dedicated unit".
- In 2013, The Canadian Stroke Network and the Heart and Stroke Foundation
  published their "Taking Action Towards Optimal Stroke Care" resource that
  outlines the 7 steps to optimal stroke care including identifying and securing space
  and beds for a dedicated stroke unit.
- In 2013, the Ontario Stroke Network published a backgrounder called: "Stroke Unit
  Care Improves Outcomes" outlining the benefits to providing care to acute stroke
  inpatients on a dedicated unit.
- In 2013, the MOHLTC produced "Quality-Based Procedures Clinical Handbook for Stroke" describing the future state of acute stroke care in Ontario based on best available evidence from the Expert Advisory Panel. There is level A evidence that patients are to be admitted to a stroke unit (as defined on cover page) for best possible outcome.

In **2014**, the *NEO Stroke Network* is developing a business case that considers re-development on 5 South for an 11-bed Acute Stroke Unit with a proposed change to the stroke team staffing ratios that meet current best practices for stroke care.